

Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-mouse CD3ε Antibody

Catalog# / Size	100324 / 25 µg 100322 / 100 µg
Clone	145-2C11
Regulatory Status	RUO
Other Names	CD3ε, T3, CD3
Isotype	Armenian Hamster IgG
Description	CD3ε is a 20 kD transmembrane protein, also known as CD3 or T3. It is a member of the Ig superfamily and primarily expressed on T cells, NK-T cells, and at different levels on thymocytes during T cell differentiation. CD3ε forms a TCR complex by associating with the CD3δ, γ and ζ chains, as well as the TCR α/β or γ/δ chains. CD3 plays a critical role in TCR signal transduction, T cell activation, and antigen recognition by binding the peptide/MHC antigen complex.

Product Details

Verified Reactivity	Mouse
Antibody Type	Monoclonal
Host Species	Armenian Hamster
Immunogen	H-2K ^b -specific mouse cytotoxic T lymphocyte clone BM10-37
Formulation	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.
Preparation	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimal conditions.
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Storage & Handling	The antibody solution should be stored undiluted between 2°C and 8°C, and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.
Application	FC - Quality tested IHC-F, 3D IHC - Verified
Recommended Usage	<p>Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.25 µg per million cells in 100 µl volume. For immunohistochemistry on frozen tissue sections, a concentration range of 5.0 - 10.0 µg/ml is suggested. For 3D immunohistochemistry on formalin-fixed tissues, a concentration of 5.0 µg/mL is suggested. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.</p> <p>* Alexa Fluor® 647 has a maximum emission of 668 nm when it is excited at 633nm / 635nm.</p> <p>Alexa Fluor® and Pacific Blue™ are trademarks of Life Technologies Corporation.</p> <p>View full statement regarding label licenses</p>
Excitation Laser	Red Laser (633 nm)
Application Notes	Clone 145-2C11 is useful for <i>in vitro</i> blocking of target-specific CTL-mediated cell lysis ¹ , as well as T cell activation assays, inducing proliferation and cytokine production ^{1,2,7,12,16} . It also induces apoptosis in immature thymocytes ³² , and <i>in vivo</i> T cell depletion ⁸⁻¹⁰ . Additional reported applications (for relevant formats of this clone) include: immunoprecipitation ¹ , immunohistochemical staining ^{14,15} of acetone-fixed frozen sections and zinc-fixed paraffin-embedded sections, Western blotting ⁴ , complement-mediated cytotoxicity ⁶ , <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> stimulation of T cells ^{1,2,7,12,16} , immunofluorescent staining ⁵ , and <i>in vivo</i> T cell depletion ⁸⁻¹⁰ . The 145-2C11 antibody has been reported to block the binding of 17A2 antibody to CD3 epsilon-specific T cells ¹¹ . Clone 145-2C11 is not recommended for formalin-fixed paraffin embedded sections. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No.

100314). For *in vivo* studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF™ purified antibody (Cat. No. 100340) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF™ purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/μg).

Application References

(PubMed link indicates BioLegend citation)

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Product Citations

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RRID

AB_492861 (BioLegend Cat. No. 100324)
AB_389322 (BioLegend Cat. No. 100322)

Antigen Details

Structure	Ig superfamily, forms CD3/TCR complex with CD3δ, γ and ζ subunits and TCR (α/β and γ/δ), 20 kD
Distribution	Thymocytes (differentiation dependent), mature T cells, NK-T cells
Function	TCR signal transduction, T cell activation, antigen recognition
Ligand/Receptor	Peptide antigen/MHC-complex
Cell Type	NKT cells, T cells, Thymocytes, Tregs
Biology Area	Immunology
Molecular Family	CD Molecules, TCRs
Antigen References	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Barclay A, <i>et al.</i> 1997. <i>The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook</i> Academic Press.2. Davis MM. 1990. <i>Annu. Rev. Biochem.</i> 59:475.3. Weiss A, <i>et al.</i> 1994. <i>Cell</i> 76:263.
Gene ID	12501

Related Protocols

[Immunohistochemistry Protocol for Frozen Sections](#)

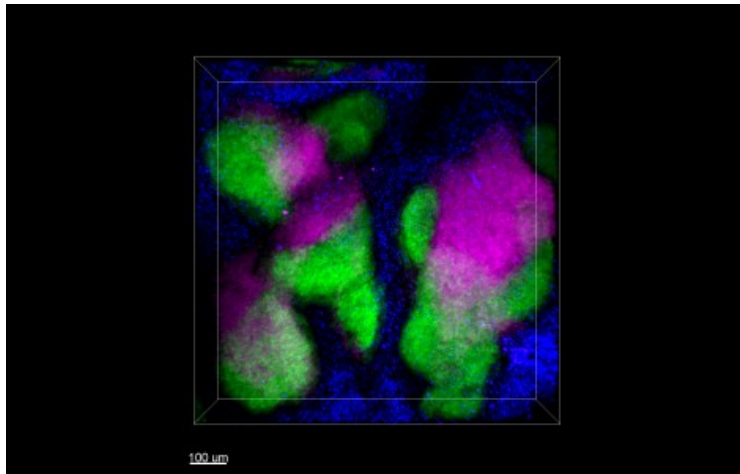
[Cell Surface Flow Cytometry Staining Protocol](#)

[Ce3D™ Tissue Clearing Kit](#)

Other Formats

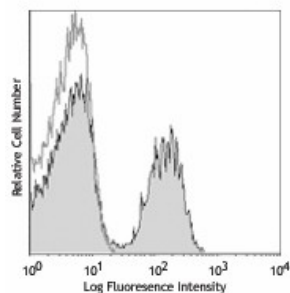
APC anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Biotin anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , FITC anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , PE anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , PE/Cyanine5 anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Purified anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , PE/Cyanine7 anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Alexa Fluor® 488 anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Alexa Fluor® 647 anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , PerCP anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , PerCP/Cyanine5.5 anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Purified anti-mouse CD3 ϵ (Maxpar® Ready), APC/Cyanine7 anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Pacific Blue™ anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Brilliant Violet 421™ anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Ultra-LEAF™ Purified anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , PE/Dazzle™ 594 anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Brilliant Violet 510™ anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Brilliant Violet 605™ anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Brilliant Violet 711™ anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , Brilliant Violet 785™ anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , APC/Fire™ 750 anti-mouse CD3 ϵ , GolnVivo™ Purified anti-mouse CD3 ϵ

Product Data

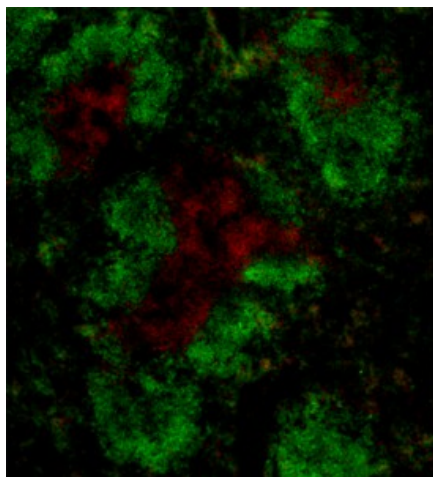


Paraformaldehyde-fixed (4%), 500 μ m-thick mouse spleen section was processed according to the Ce3DTM Tissue Clearing Kit protocol (cat. no. 427701). The section was costained with anti-mouse/human CD45R/B220 Antibody (clone RA3-6B2) Alexa Fluor® 488 at 5 μ g/mL (green), anti-mouse CD68 Antibody (clone FA-11) Alexa Fluor® 594 at 5 μ g/mL (blue), and anti-mouse CD3 ϵ Antibody (clone 145-2C11) Alexa Fluor® 647 at 5 μ g/mL (magenta). The section was then optically cleared and mounted in a sample chamber. The image was captured with a 10X objective using Zeiss 780 confocal microscope and processed by Imaris image analysis software.

[Watch the video.](#)



C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes were stained with CD3 ϵ (clone 145-2C11) Alexa Fluor® 647 (filled histogram) or Armenian hamster IgG Alexa Fluor® 647 isotype control (open histogram).



C57BL/6 mouse frozen spleen section was fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (PFA) for 10 minutes at room temperature and blocked with 5% FBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Then the section was stained with 10 µg/ml of CD3ε (clone 145-2c11) Alexa Fluor® 647 (red), and B220 (clone RA3-6B2) Alexa Fluor® 488 (green) overnight at 4°C. The image was captured by 10X objective.

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